

Enclave Computing on RISC-V: A Brighter Future for Security?

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Technical University of Darmstadt



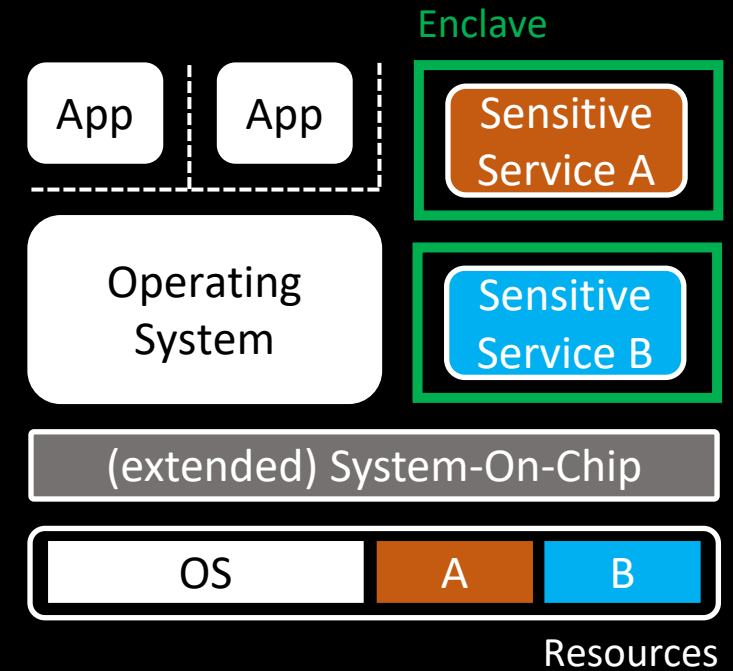
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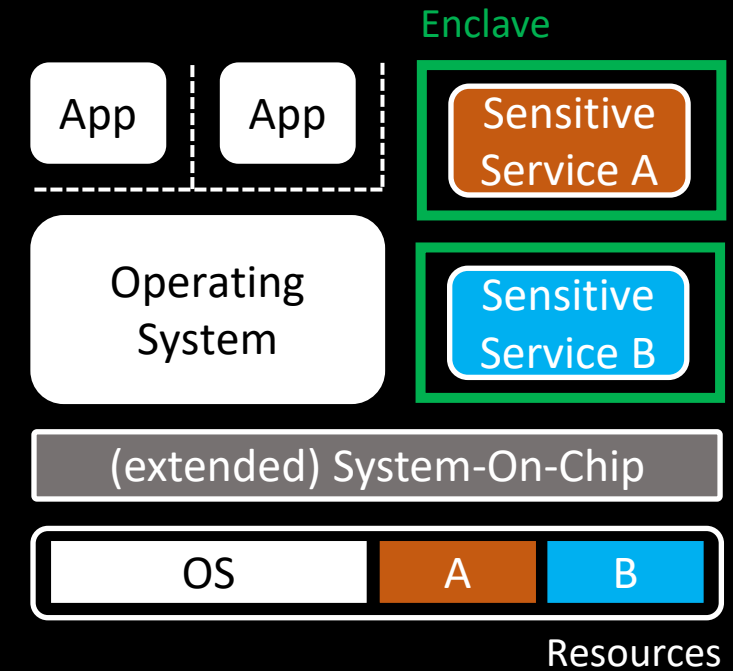
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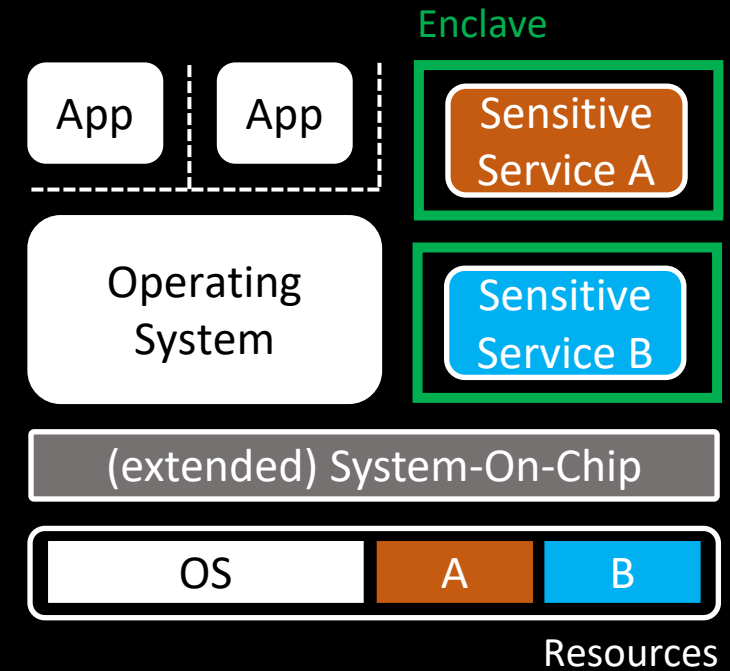
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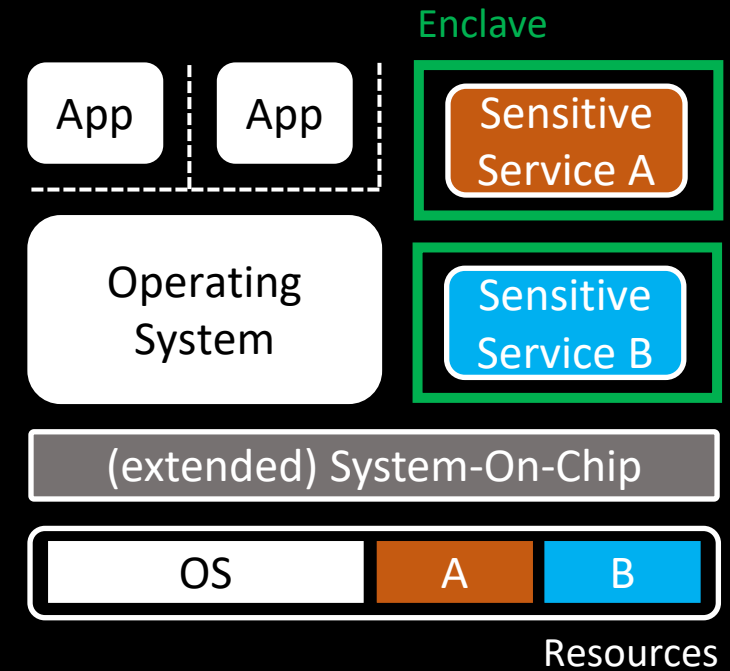
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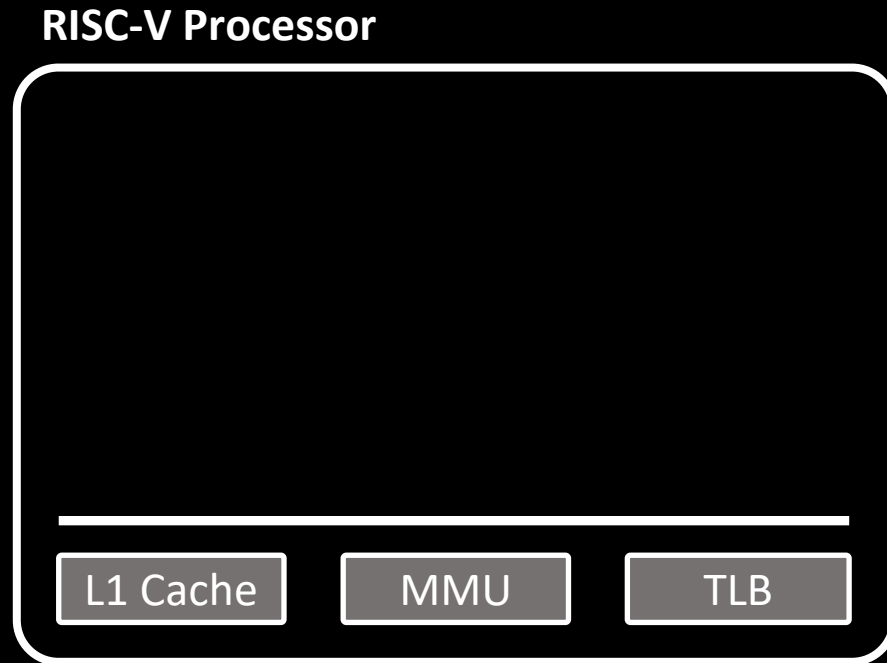
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- Open HW concept of RISC-V propels research on enclave computing

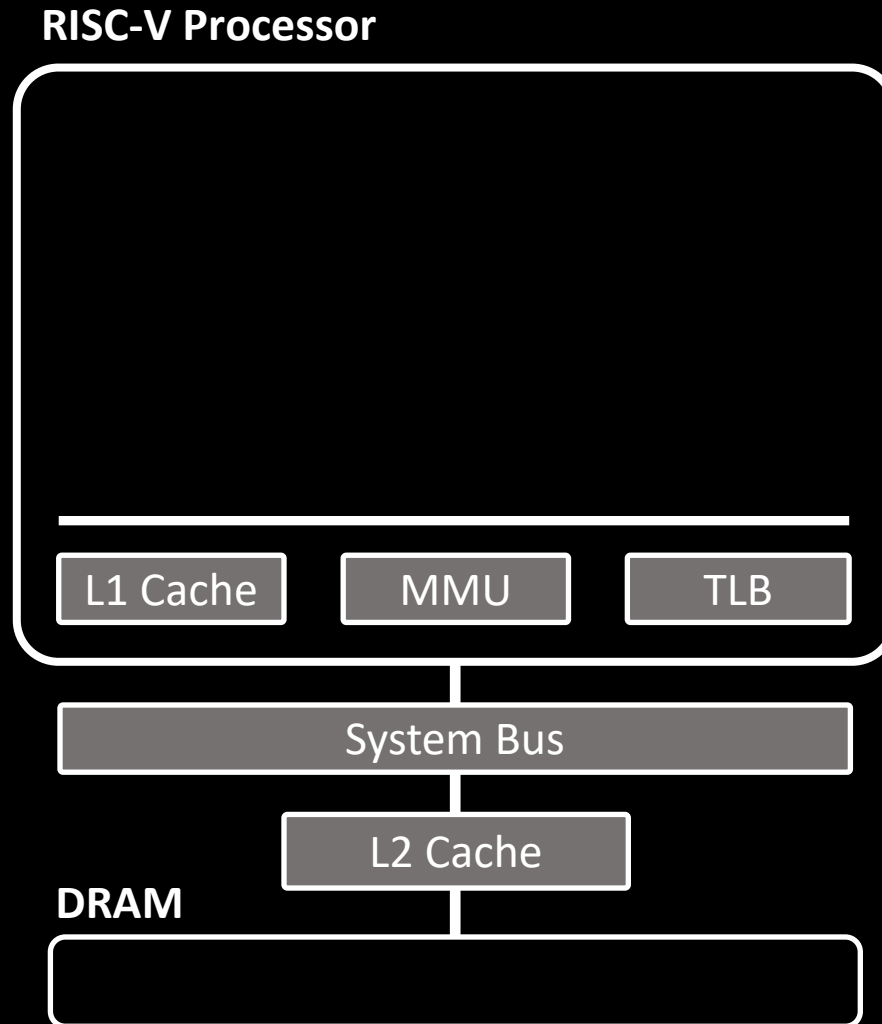


Enclave Security Architectures on RISC-V

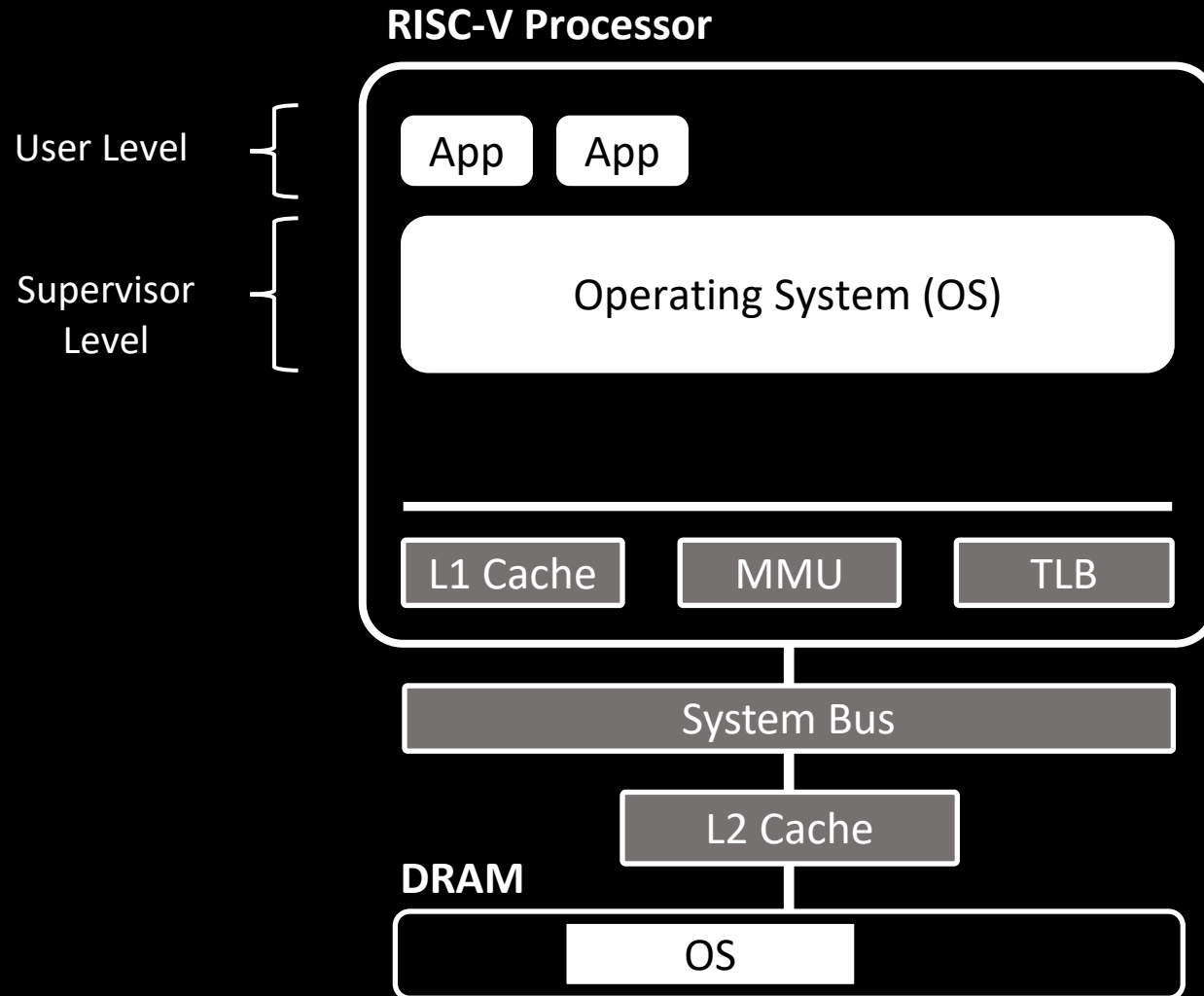
Sanctum



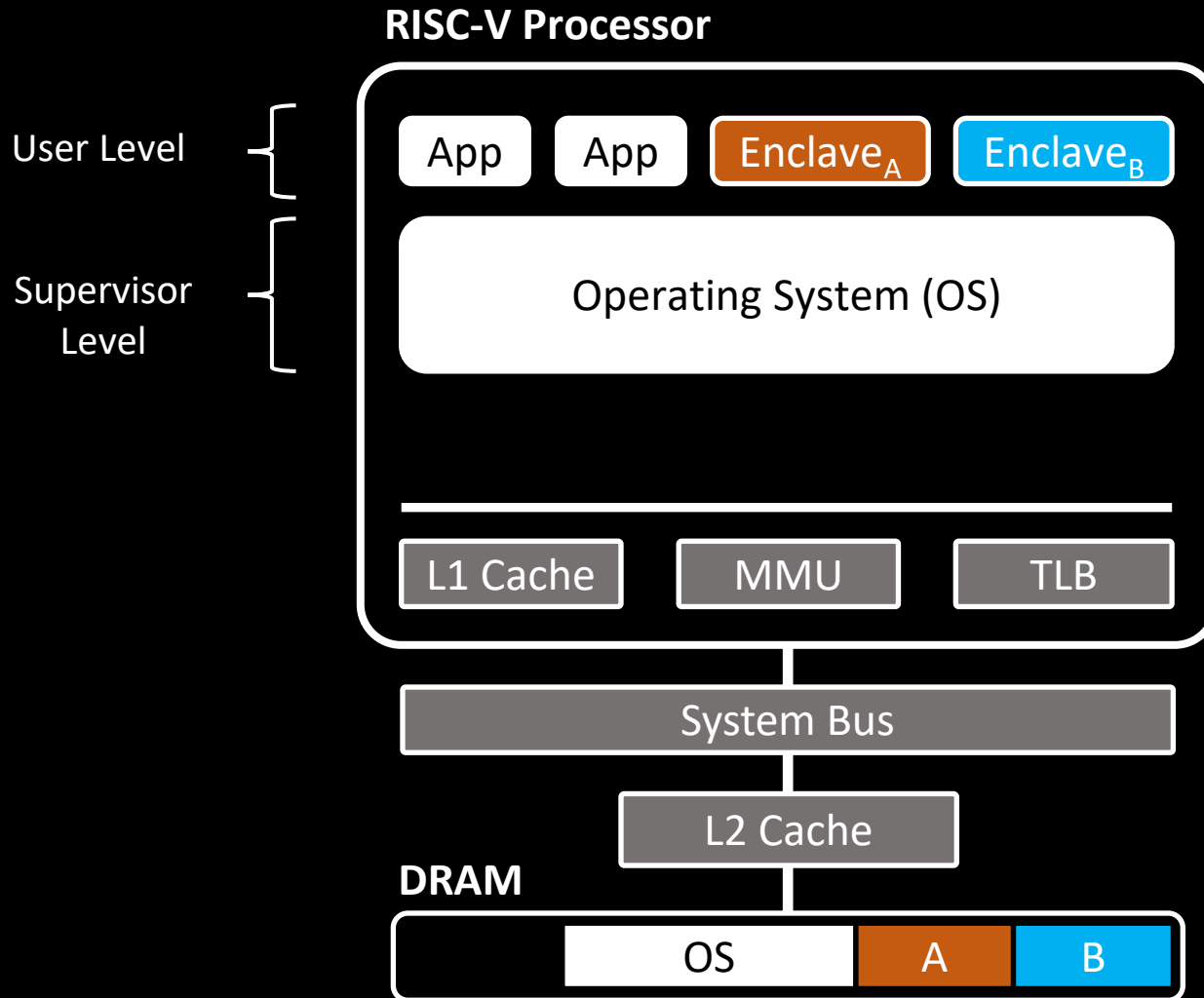
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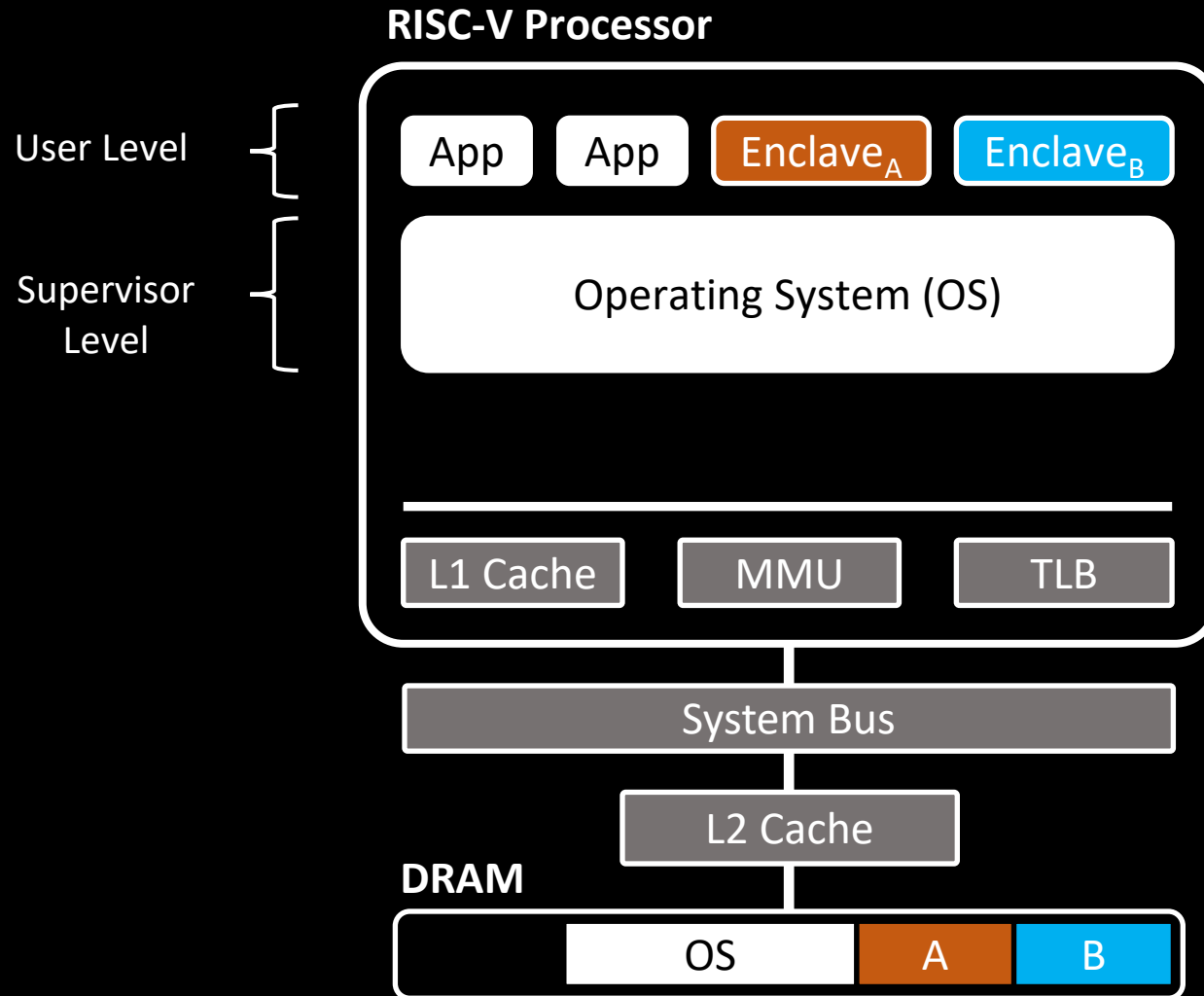


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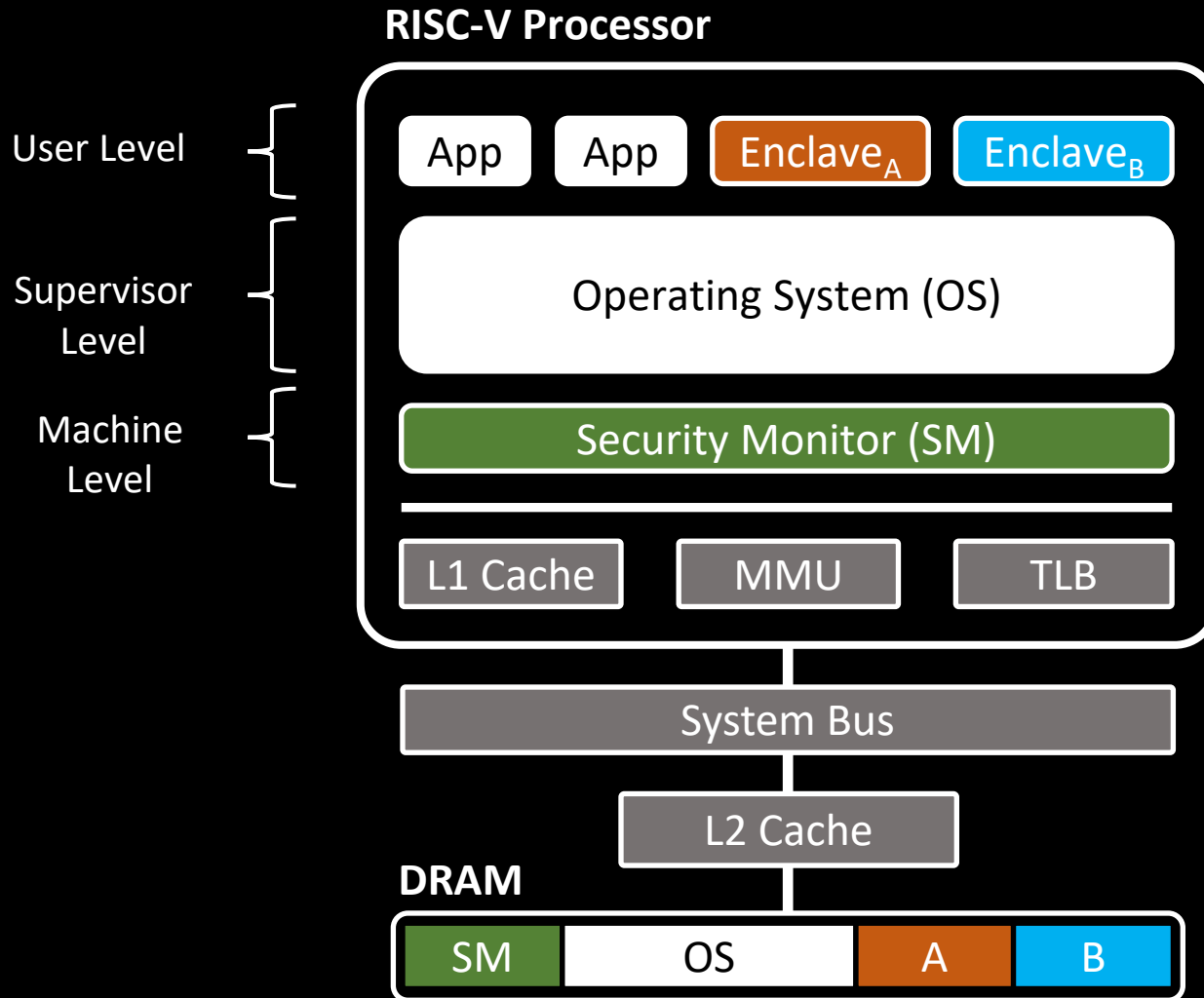
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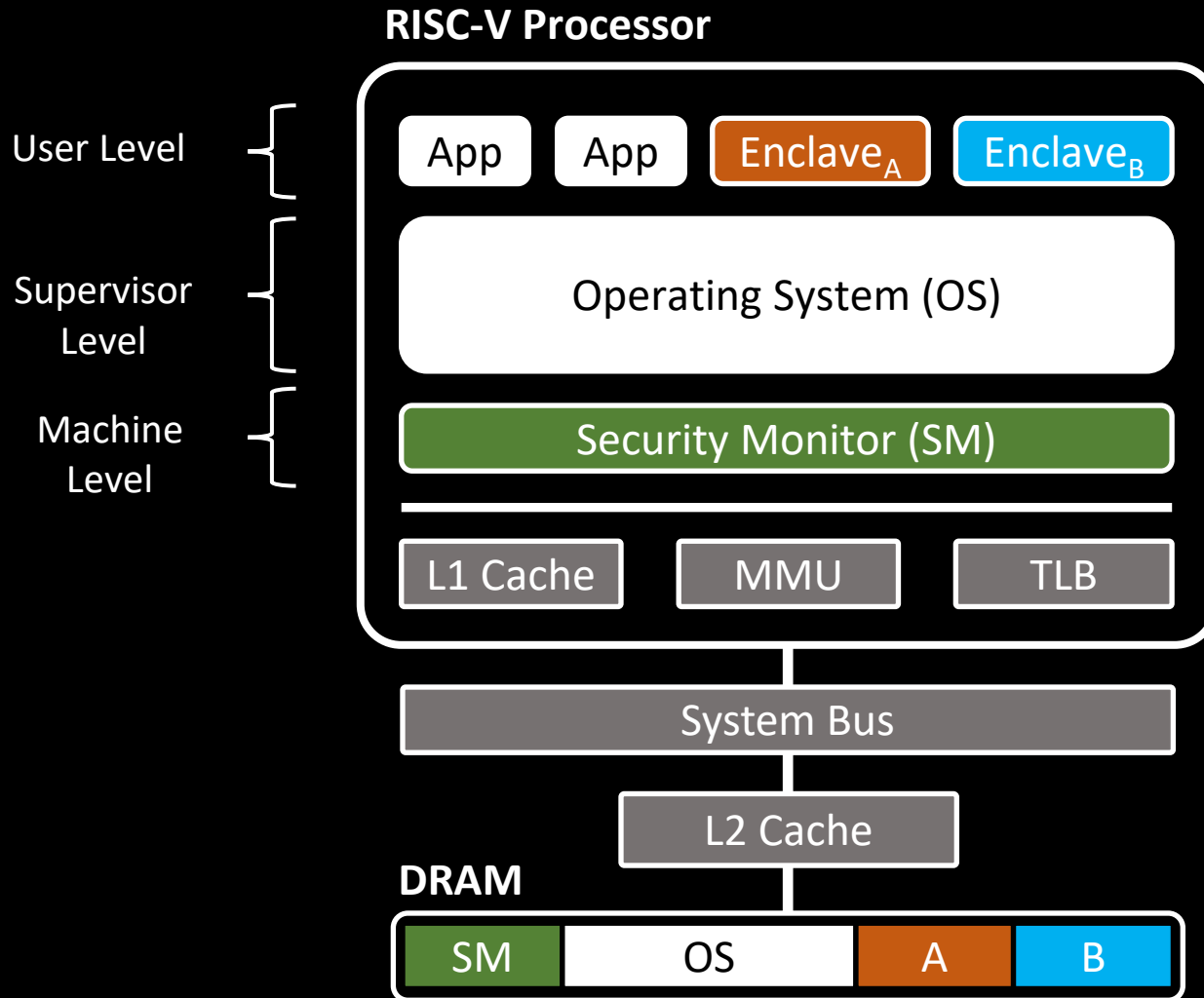
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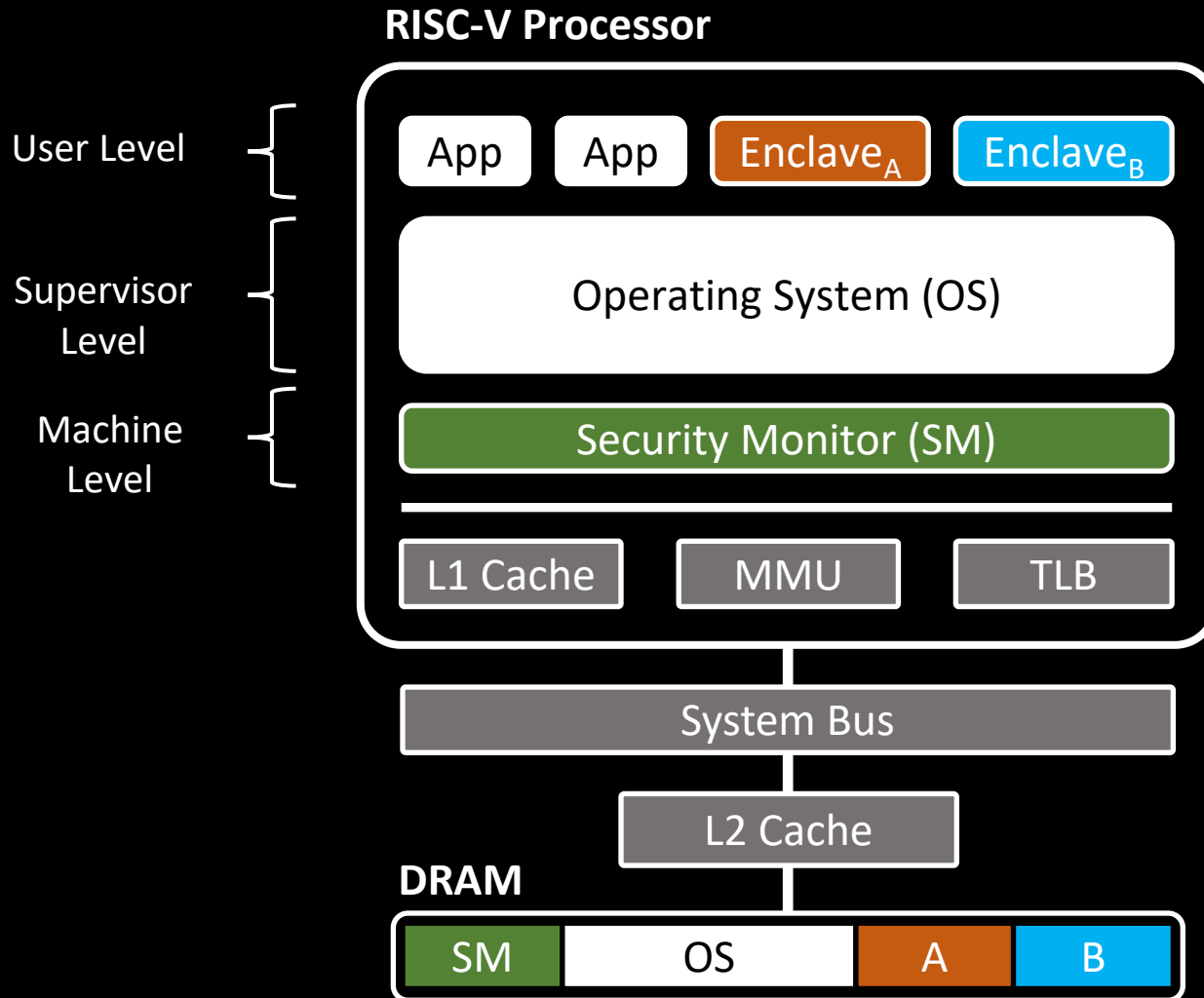
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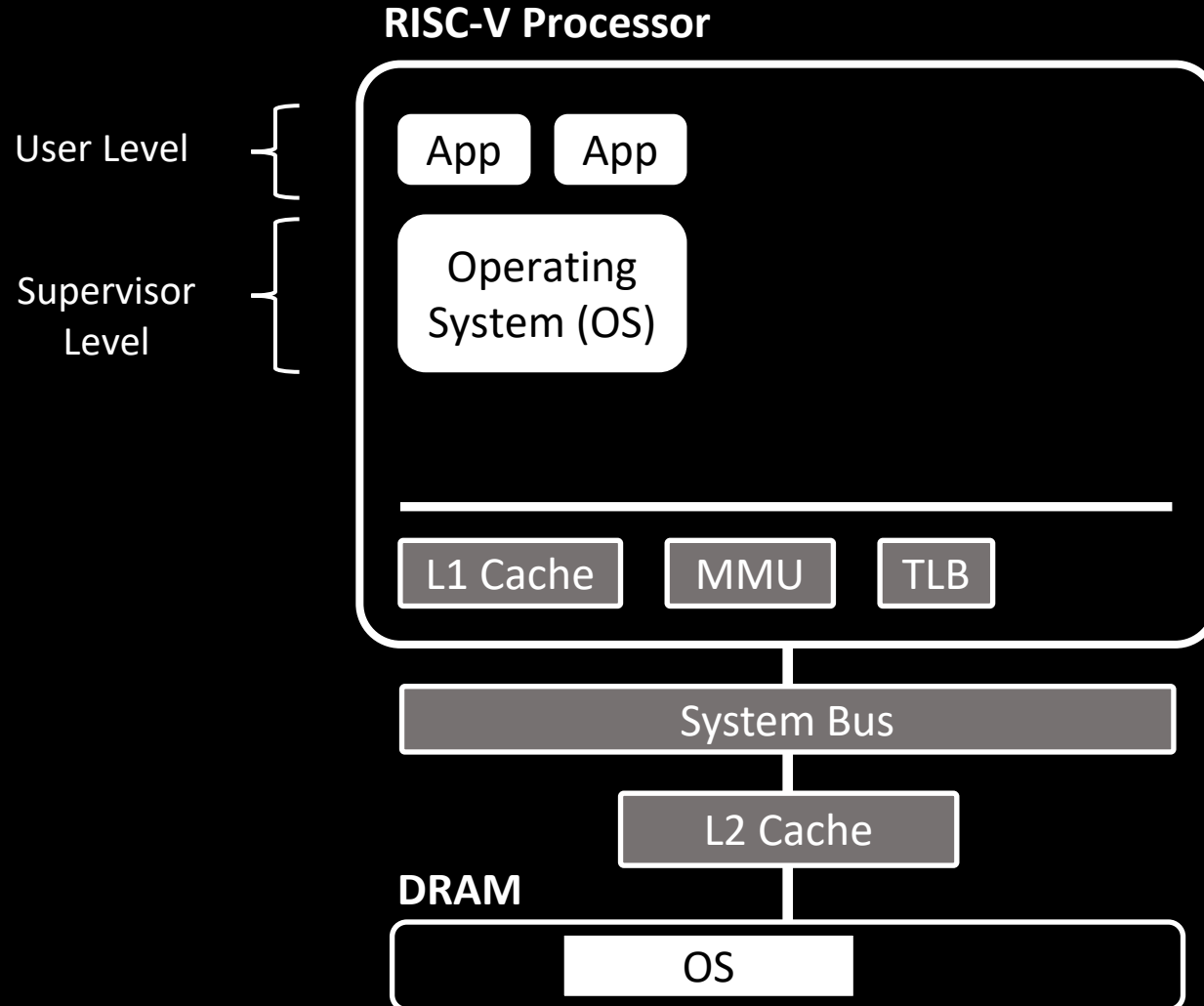
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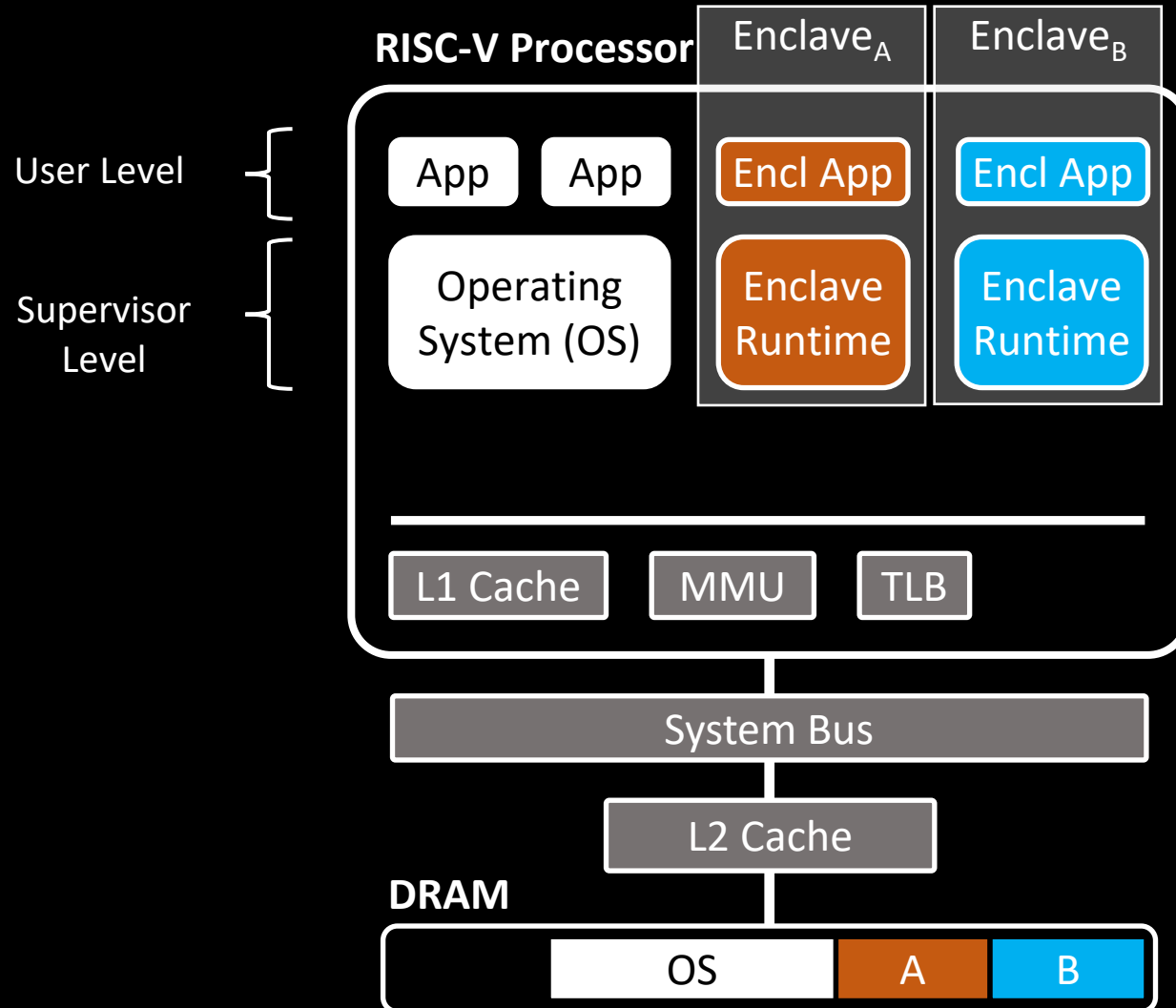


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- Cache side-channel protection through page coloring, influences OS memory layout

Keystone

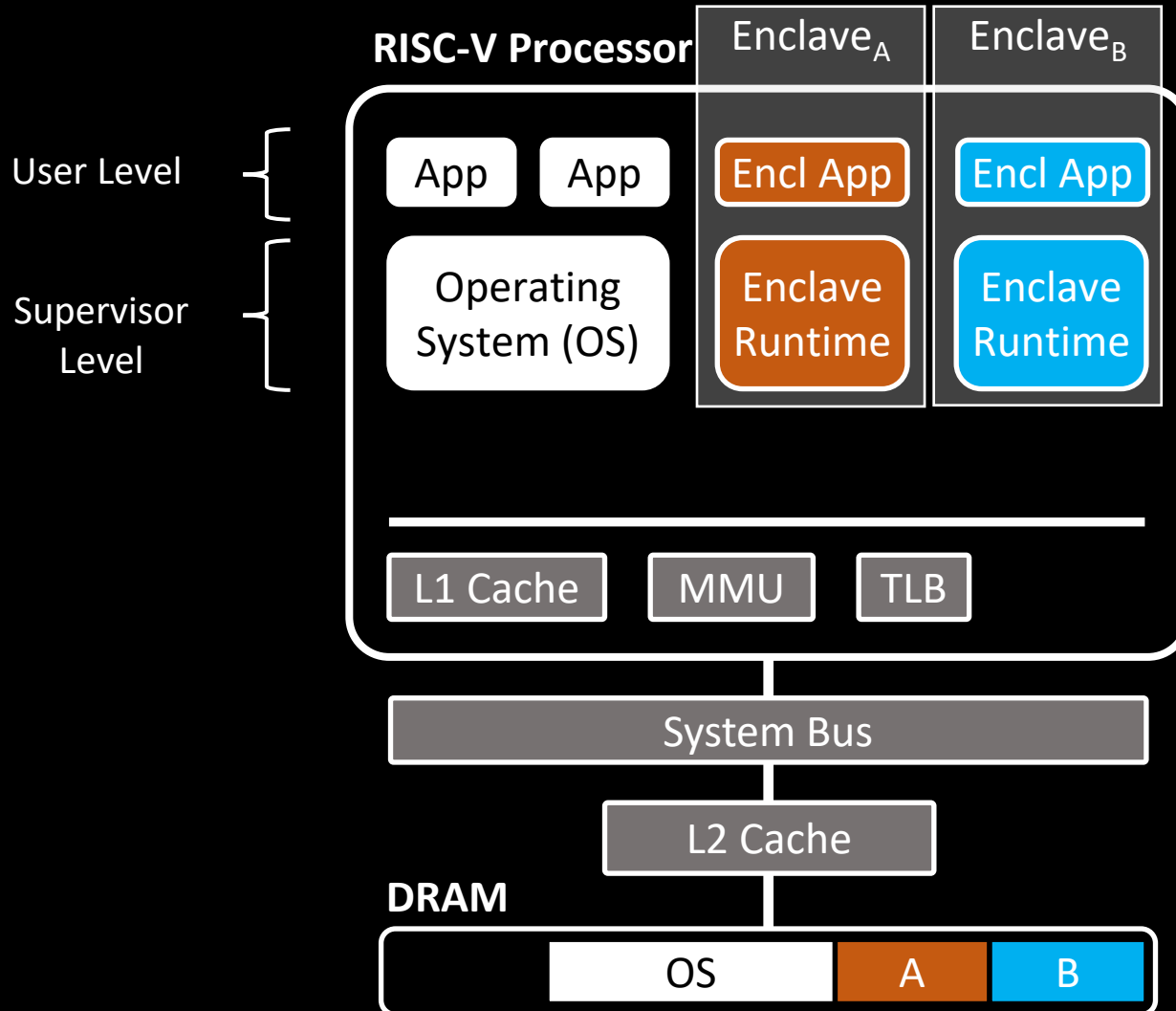


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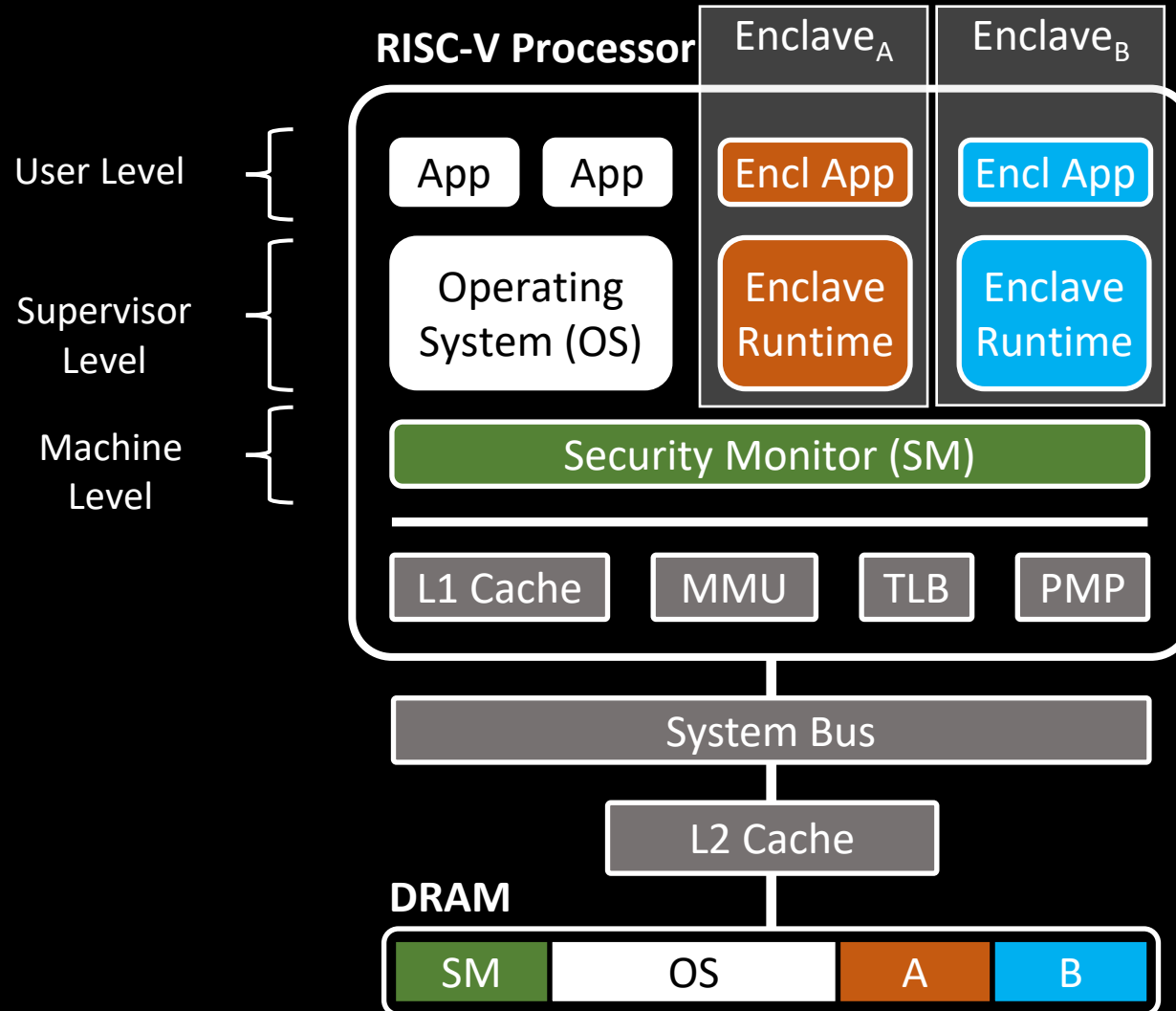
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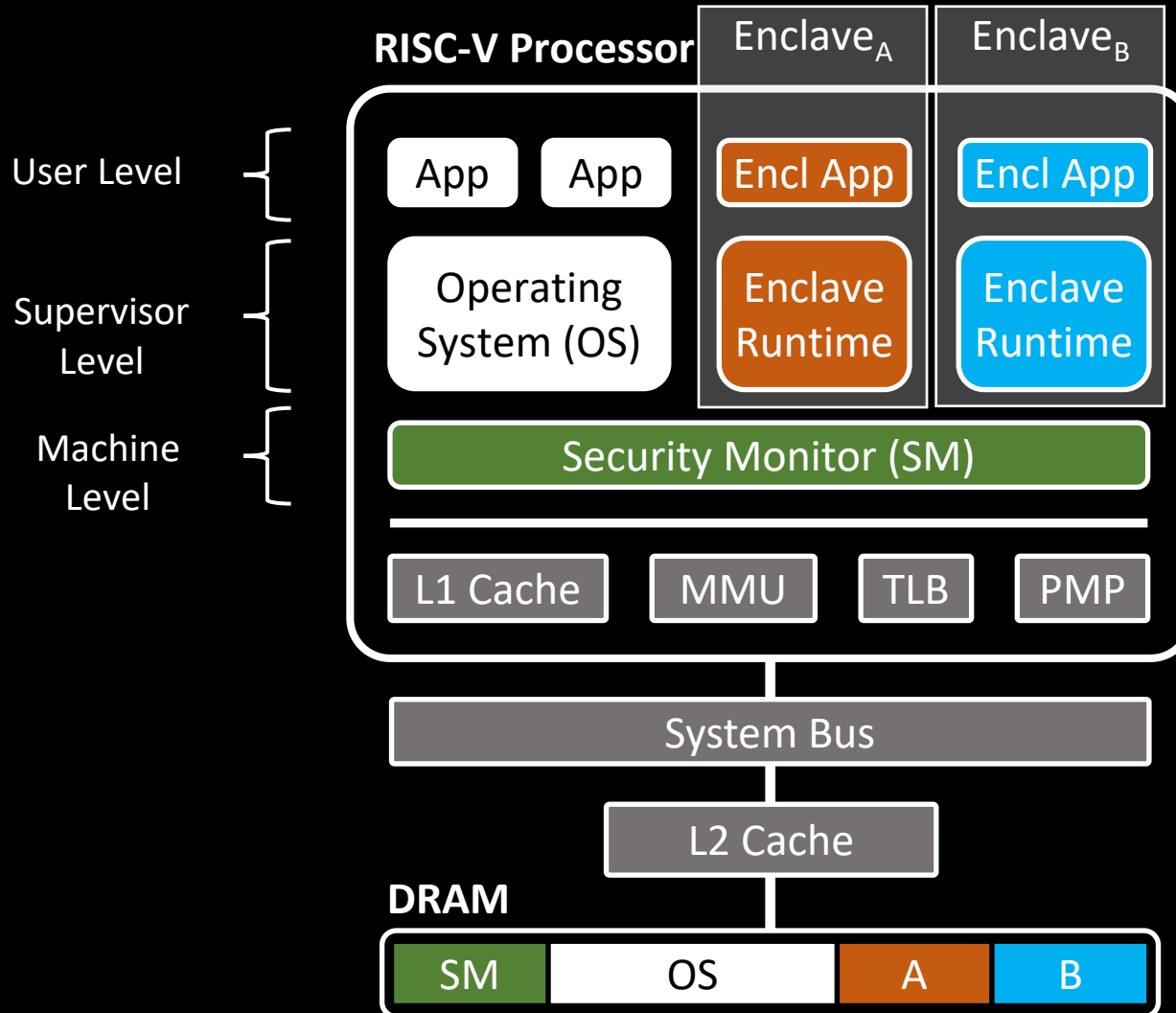
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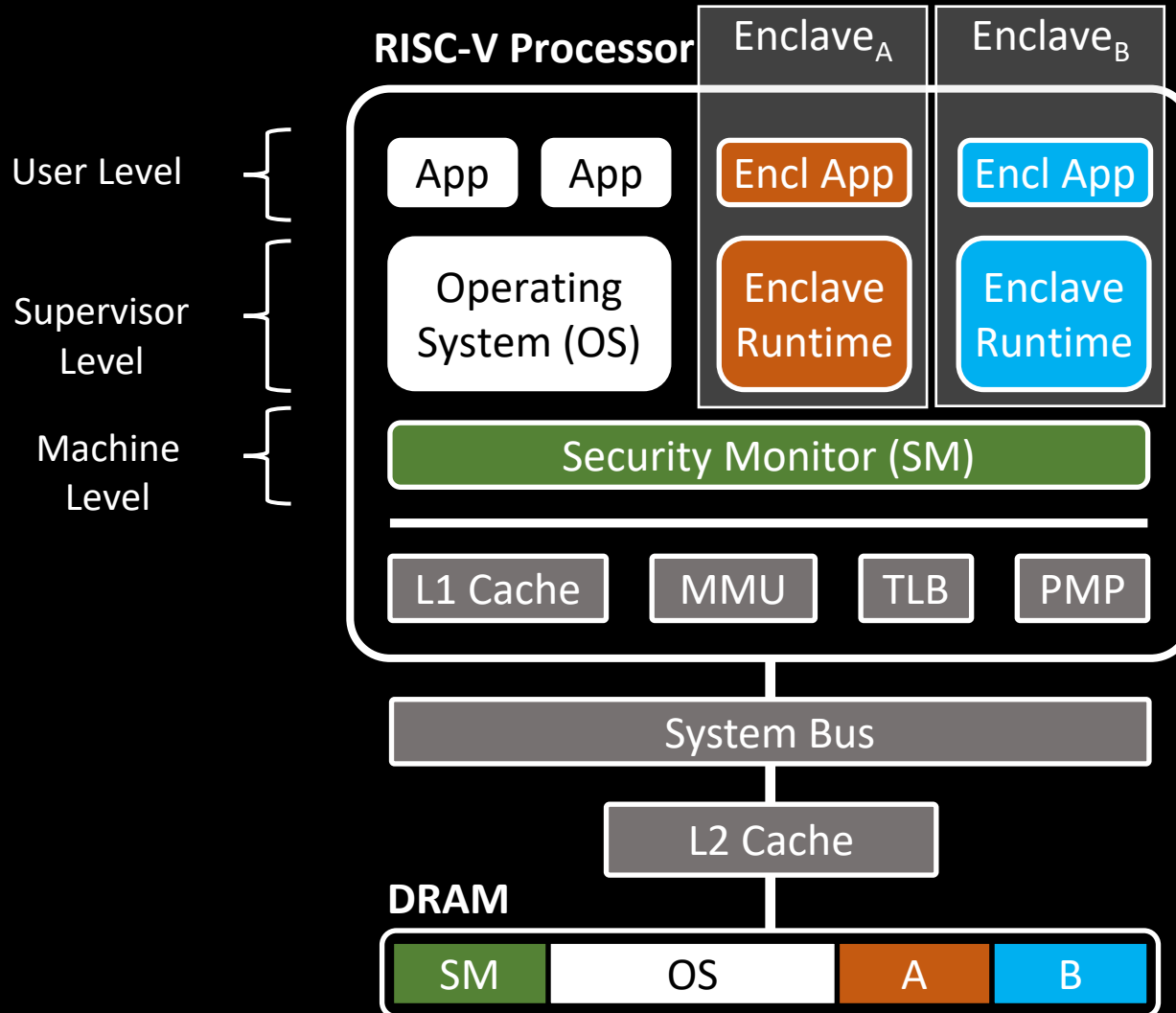
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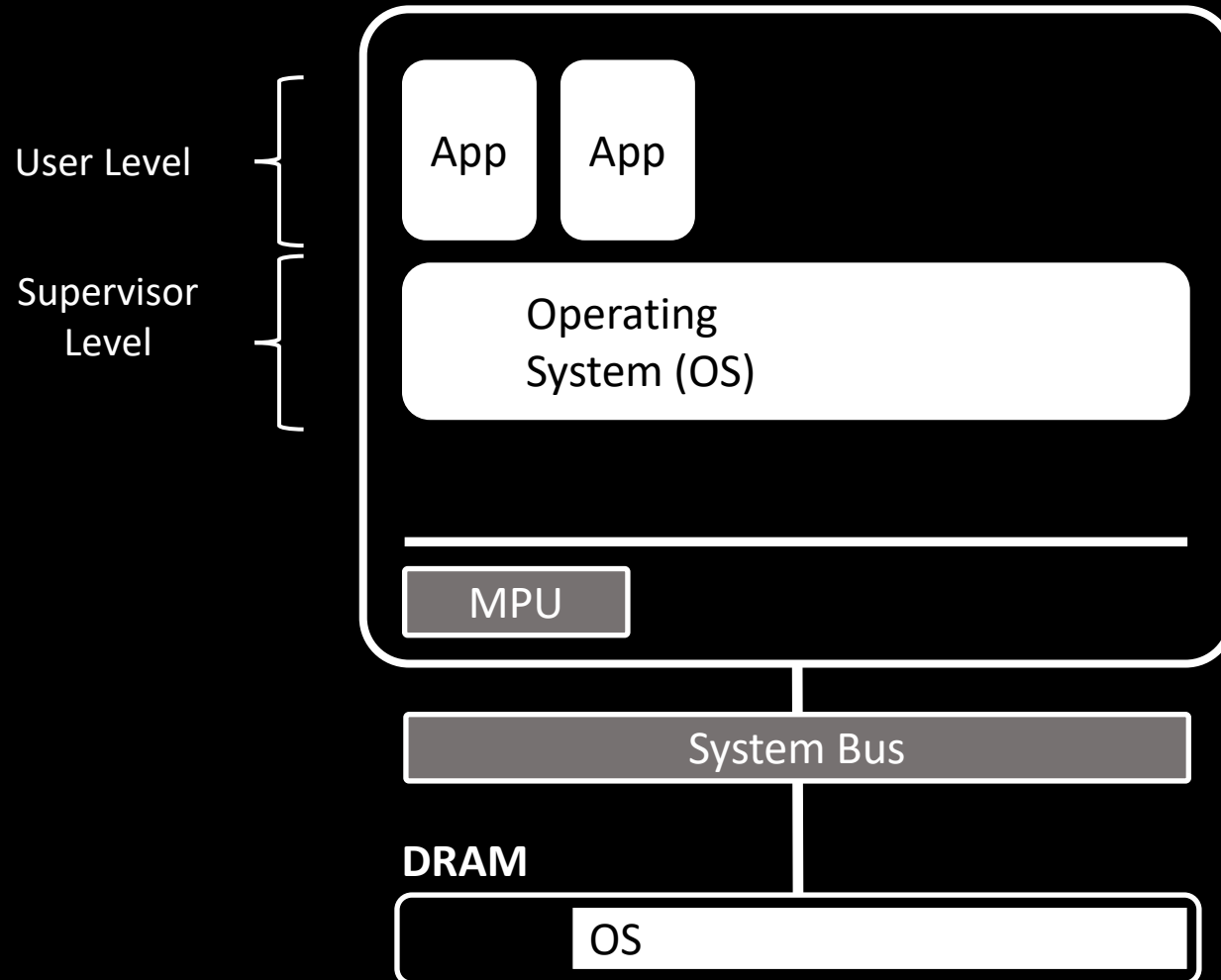
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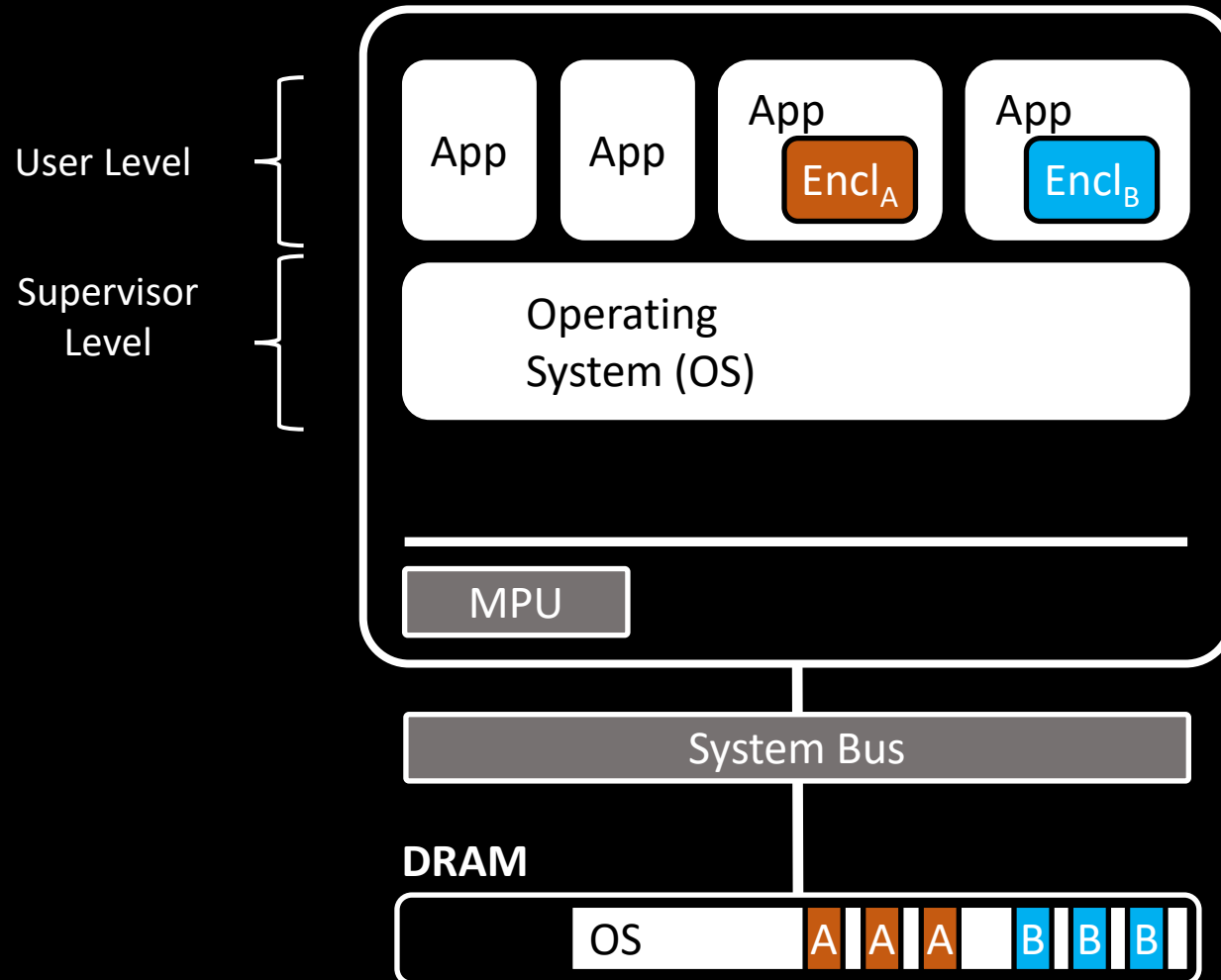


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- One PMP region reserved for each active enclave
- Assigns cache ways to processor cores

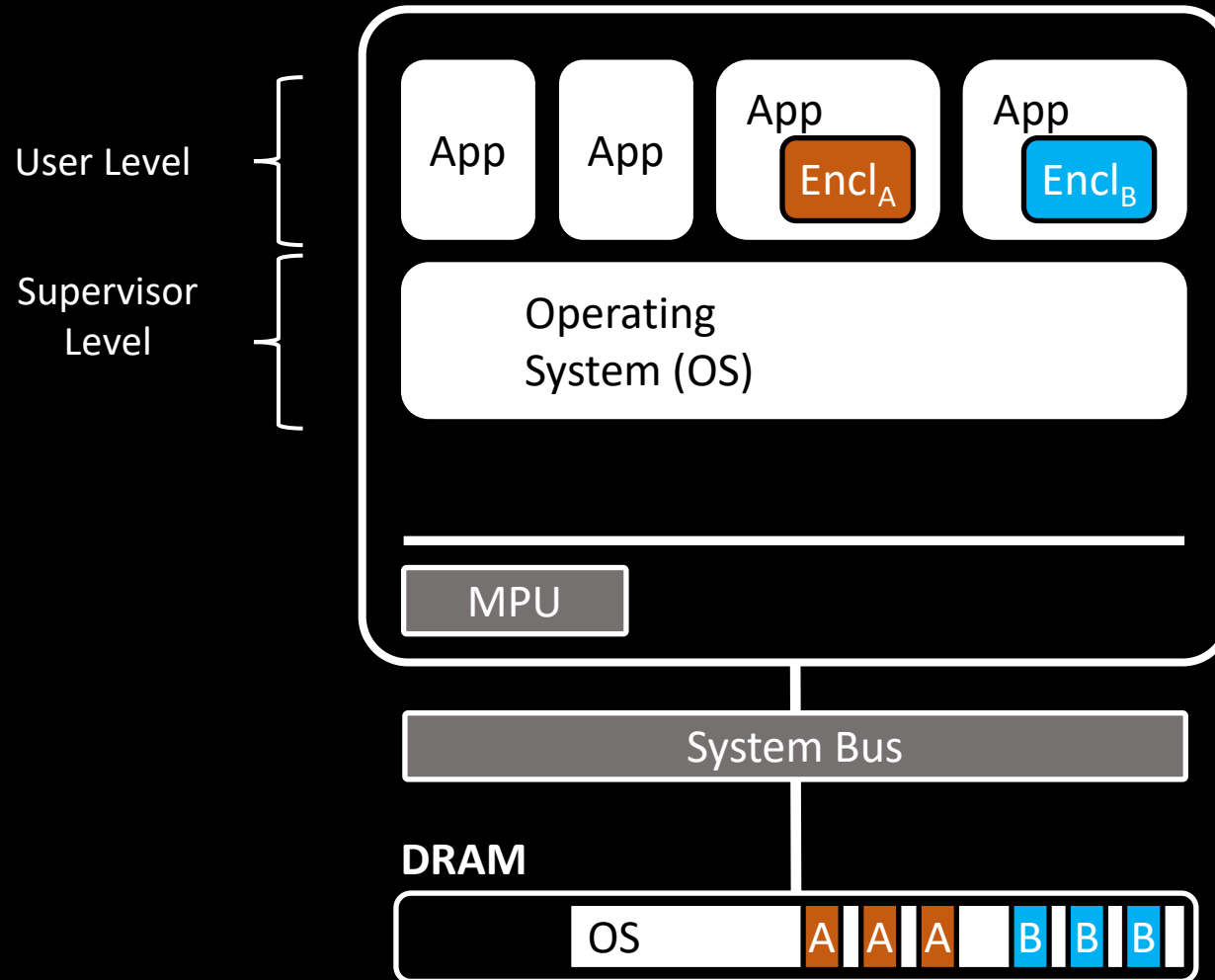
TIMBER-V



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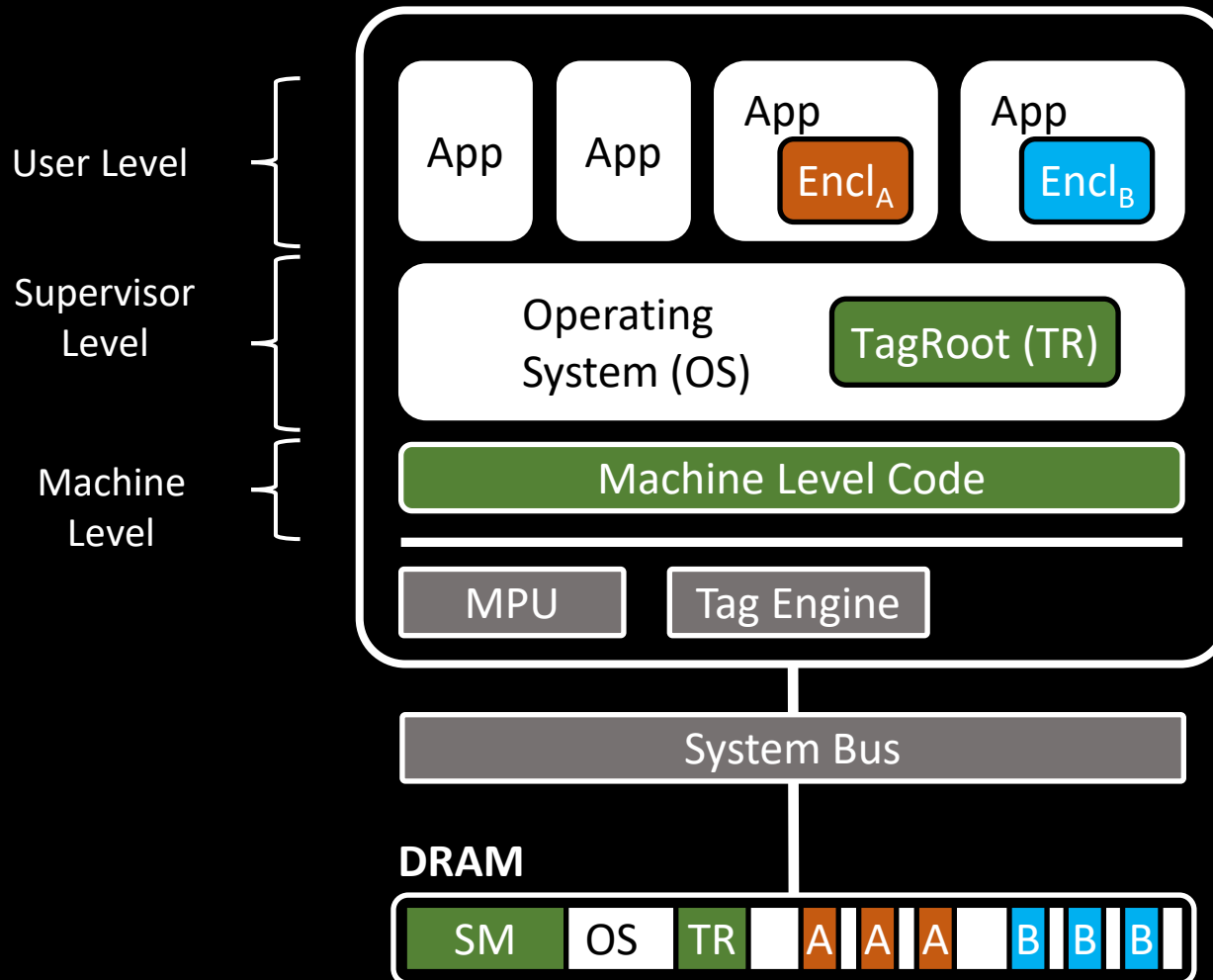


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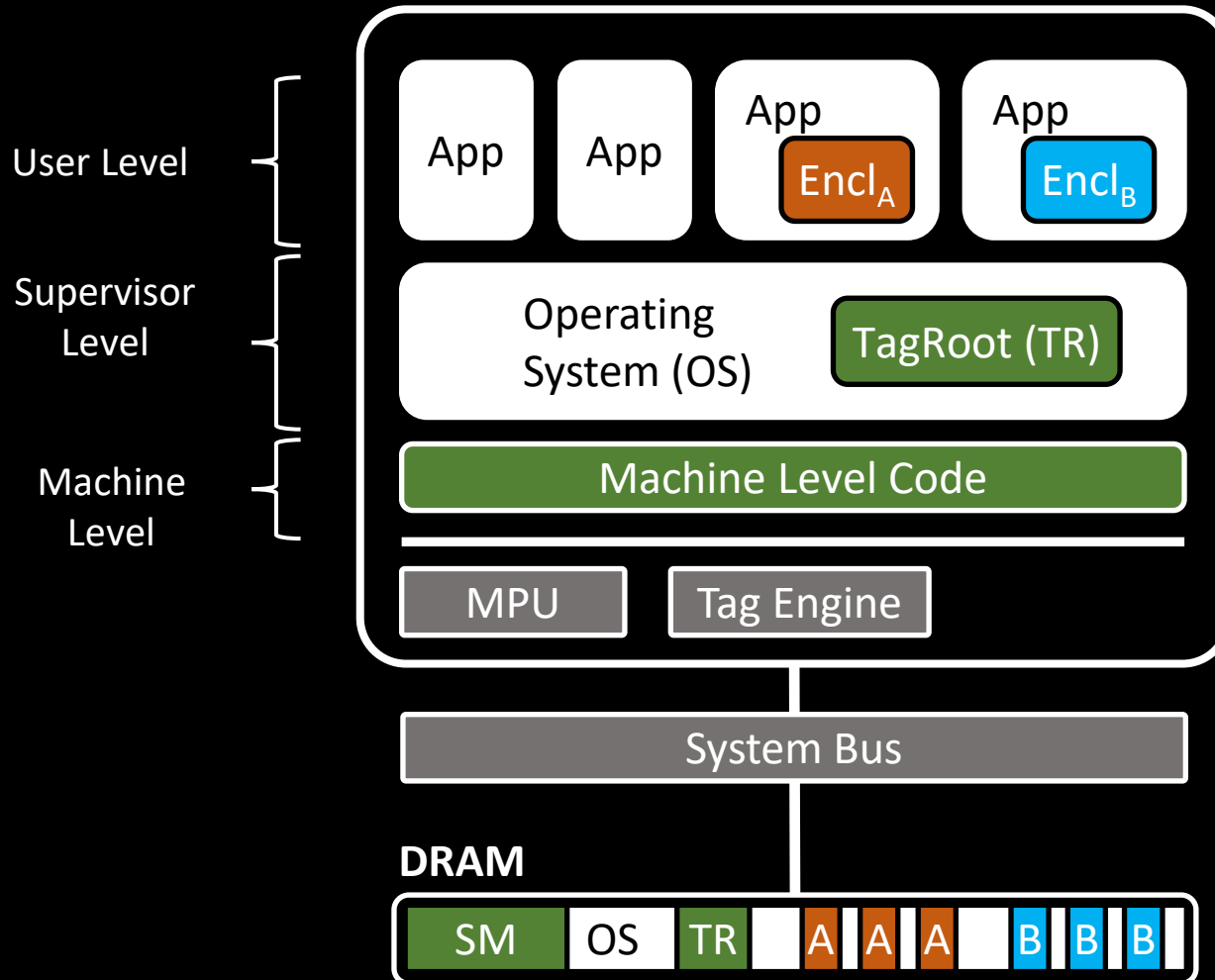
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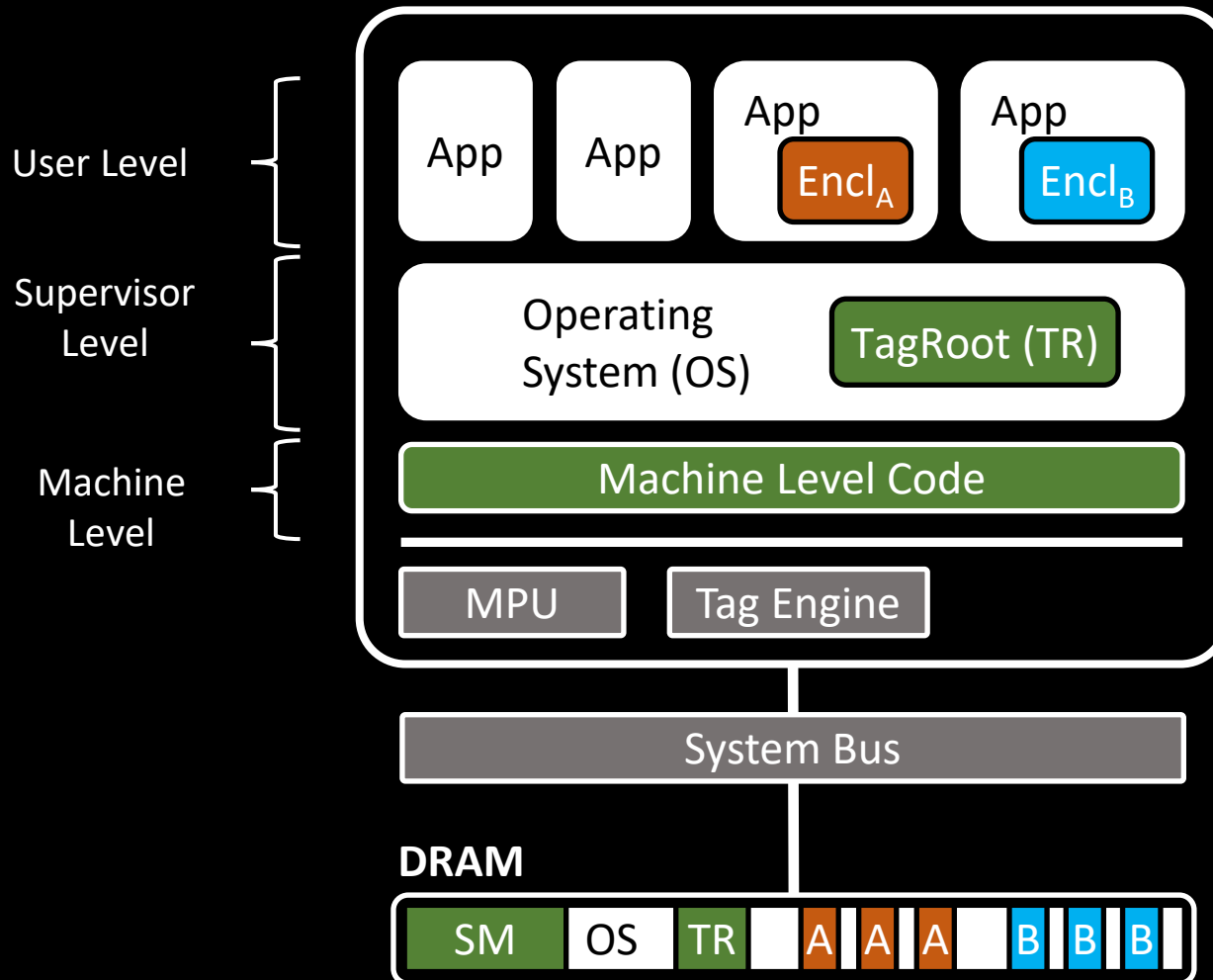
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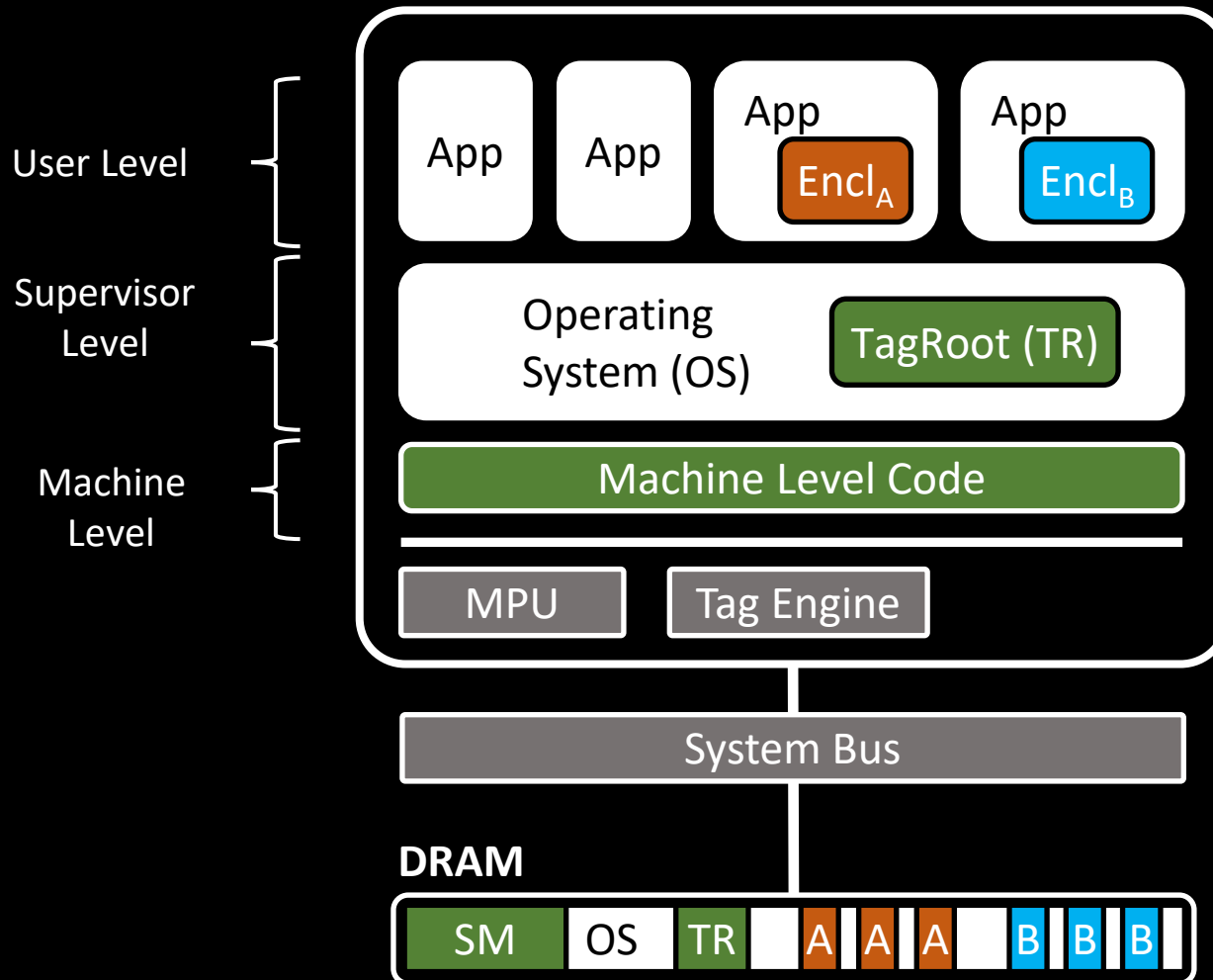
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- Cache memory not considered in the design

Comparison RISC-V Enclave Security Architectures

	Sanctum	Keystone	TIMBER-V
User level enclaves			
User/Supervisor level enclaves			
In-process enclaves			
Dynamic cache side-channel resilience			
Controlled side-channel resilience			
Enclave-to-peripheral binding (MMIO/DMA)			

●	Full feature support
◐	Limited feature support
○	Feature not supported

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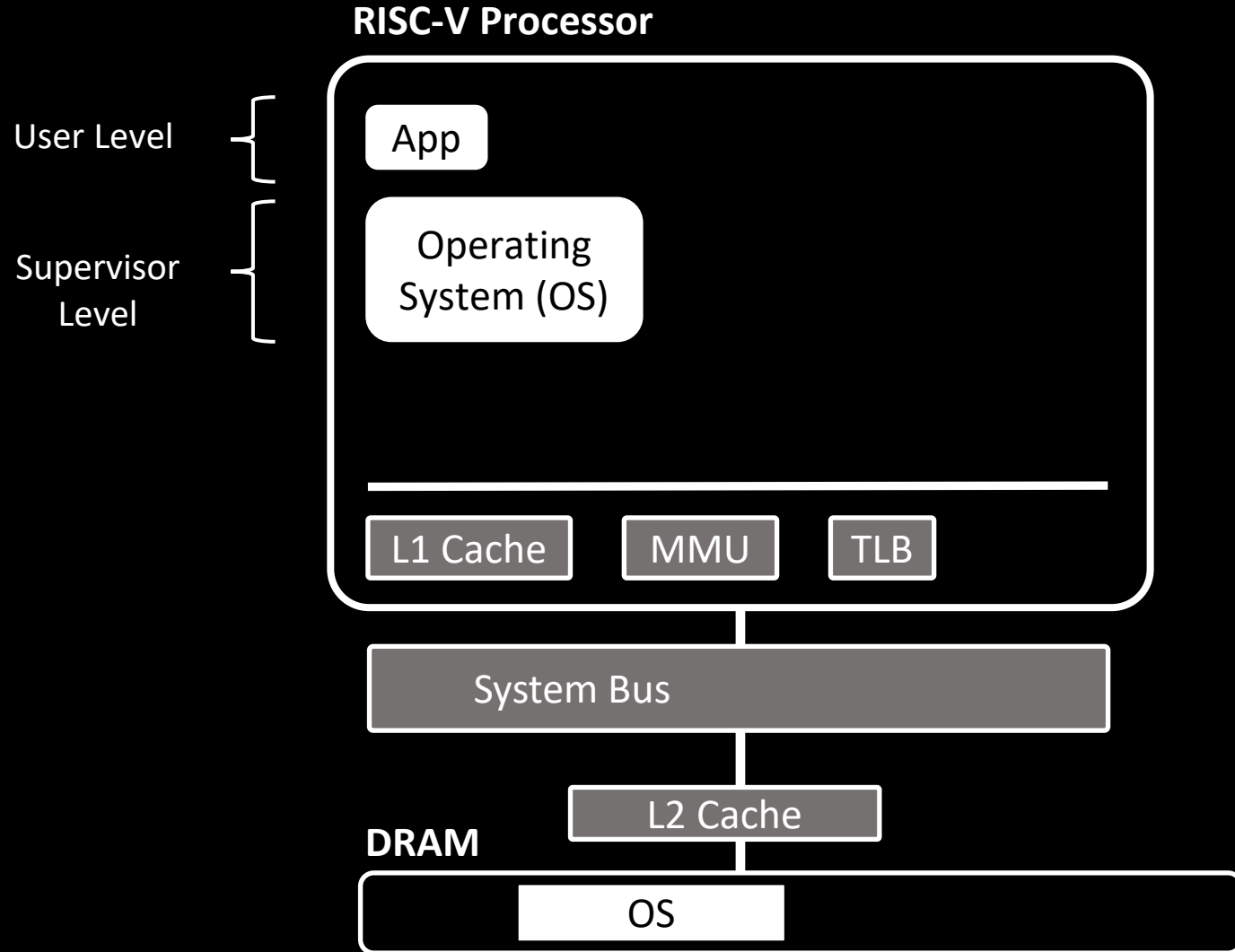
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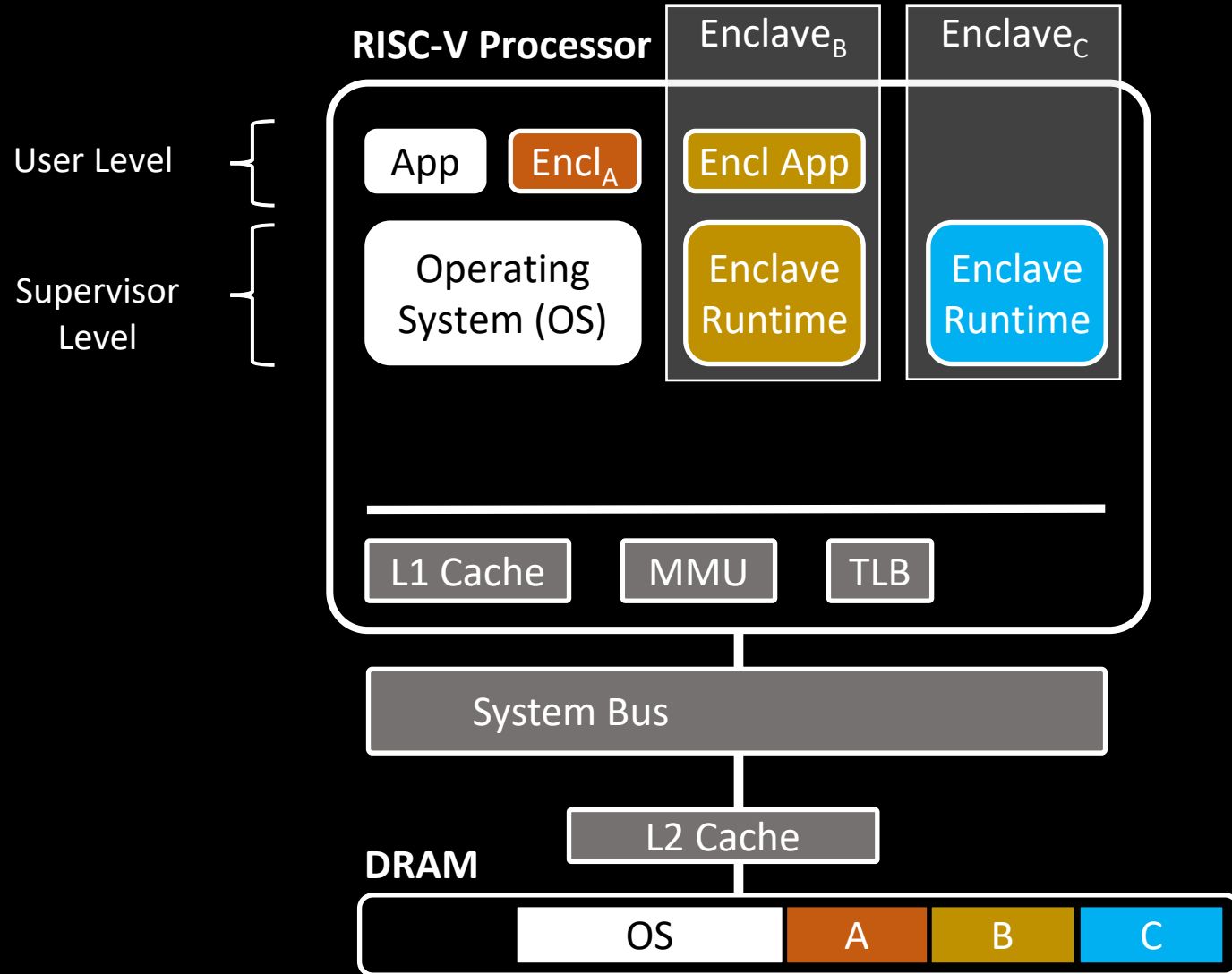
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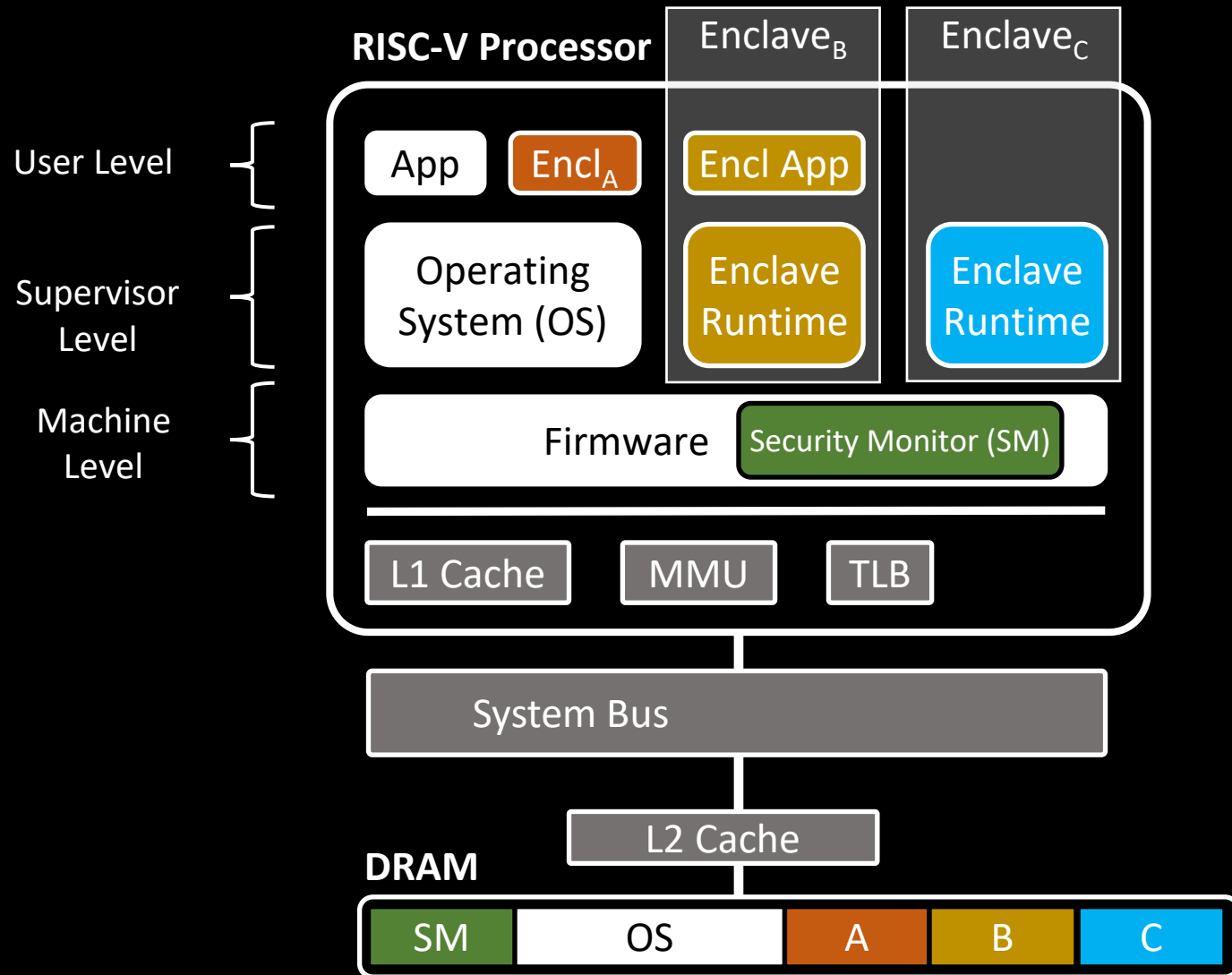


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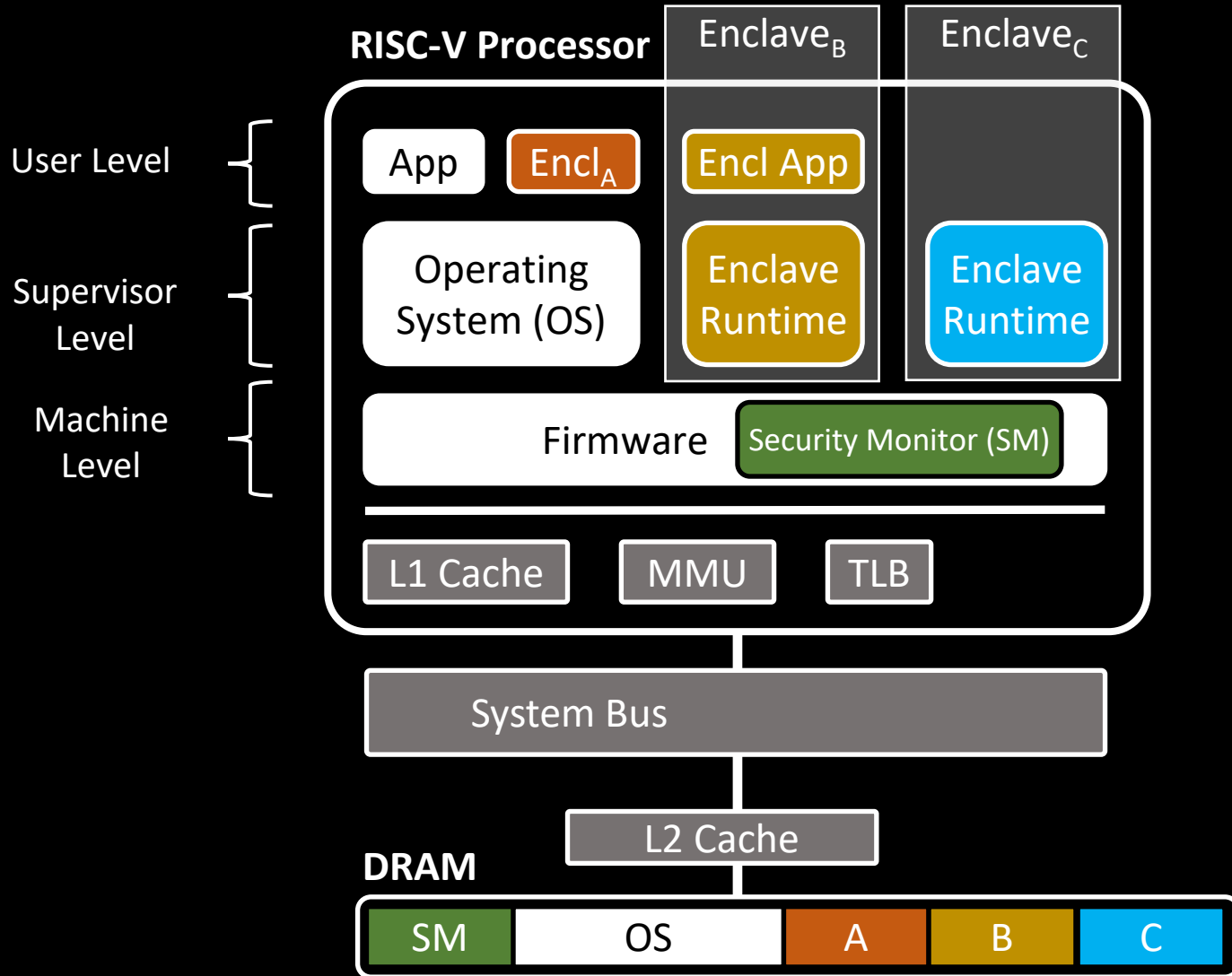
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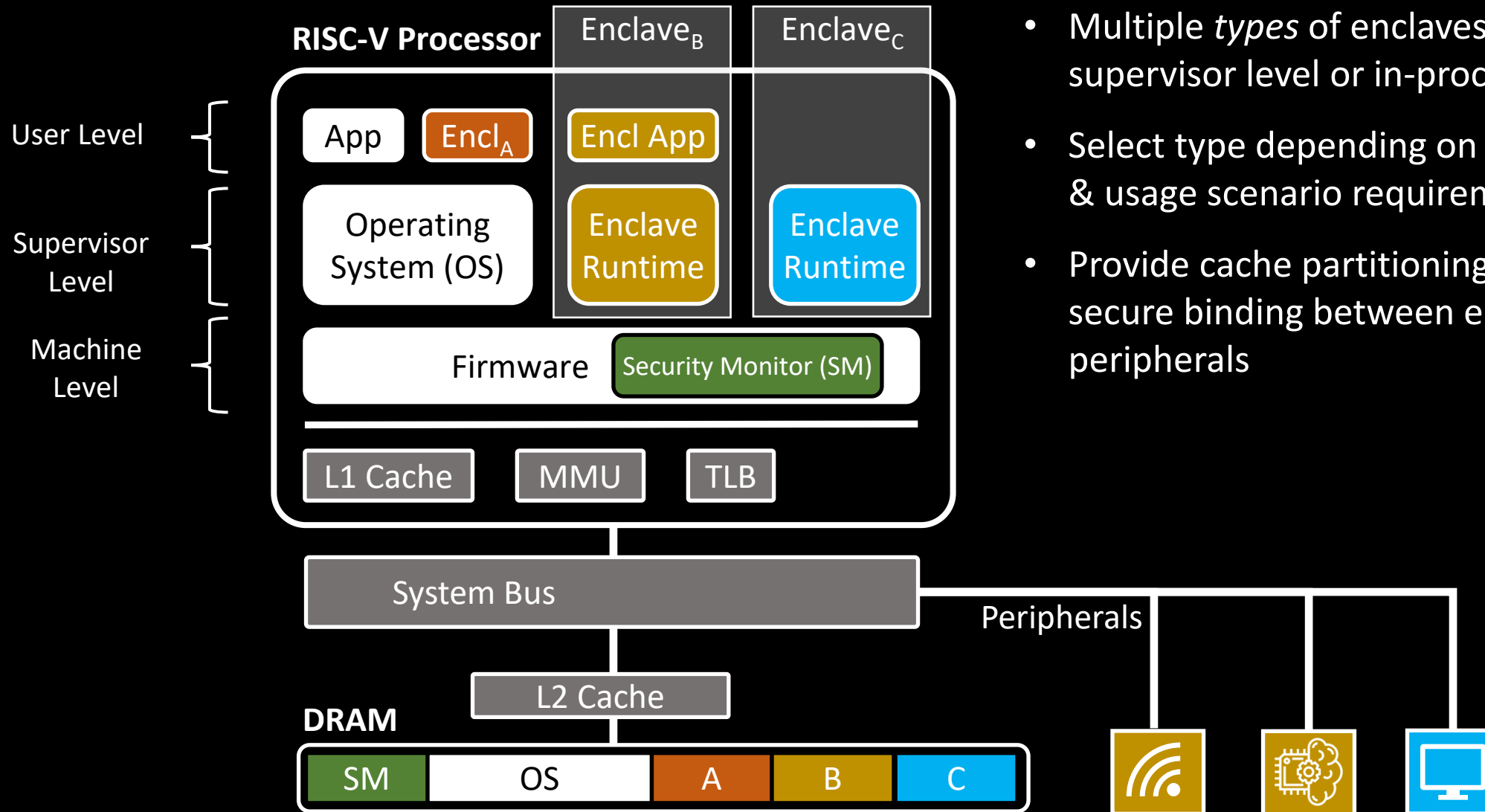
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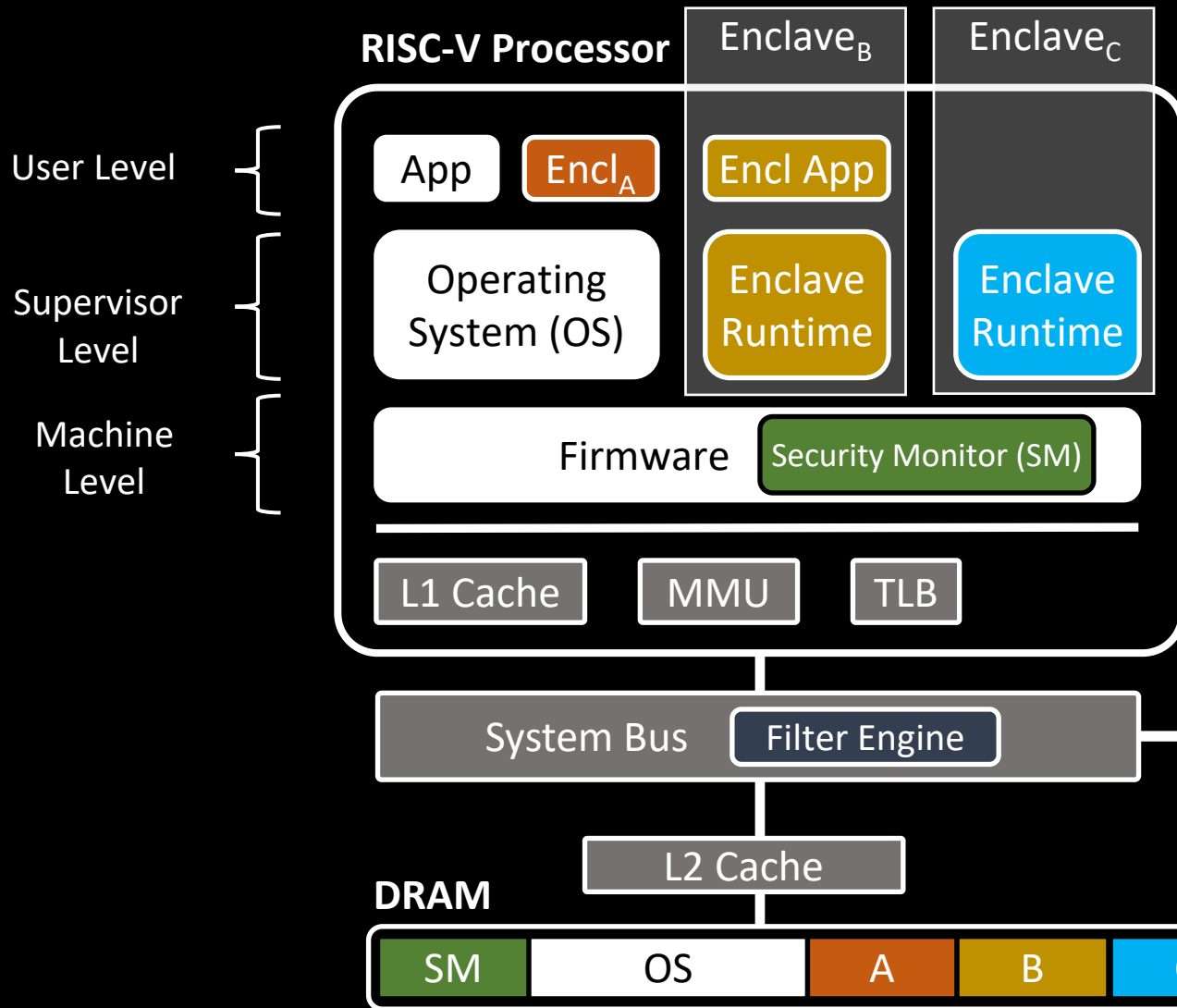
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- Access control performed by filter engine on system bus, configured by SM

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 - Enclave architectures for Network-on-Chip platforms

Questions ?

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